

FusionReactor Webinar: Troubleshooting JVM Memory Problems with FusionReactor

INTERGRAL
information solutions

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Introductions



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(Focused on server troubleshooting)

Agenda

- Foreword
- Some common misconceptions about memory/memory problems
- Key components related to memory for java servers
- What if JVM memory spaces fill?
- How FusionReactor can help prove, disprove, or diagnose a memory problem
- If heap use IS high, what may be the cause?
- What if FR can't help explain high heap?
- How FusionReactor will help with heap problems even more in the future

Foreword

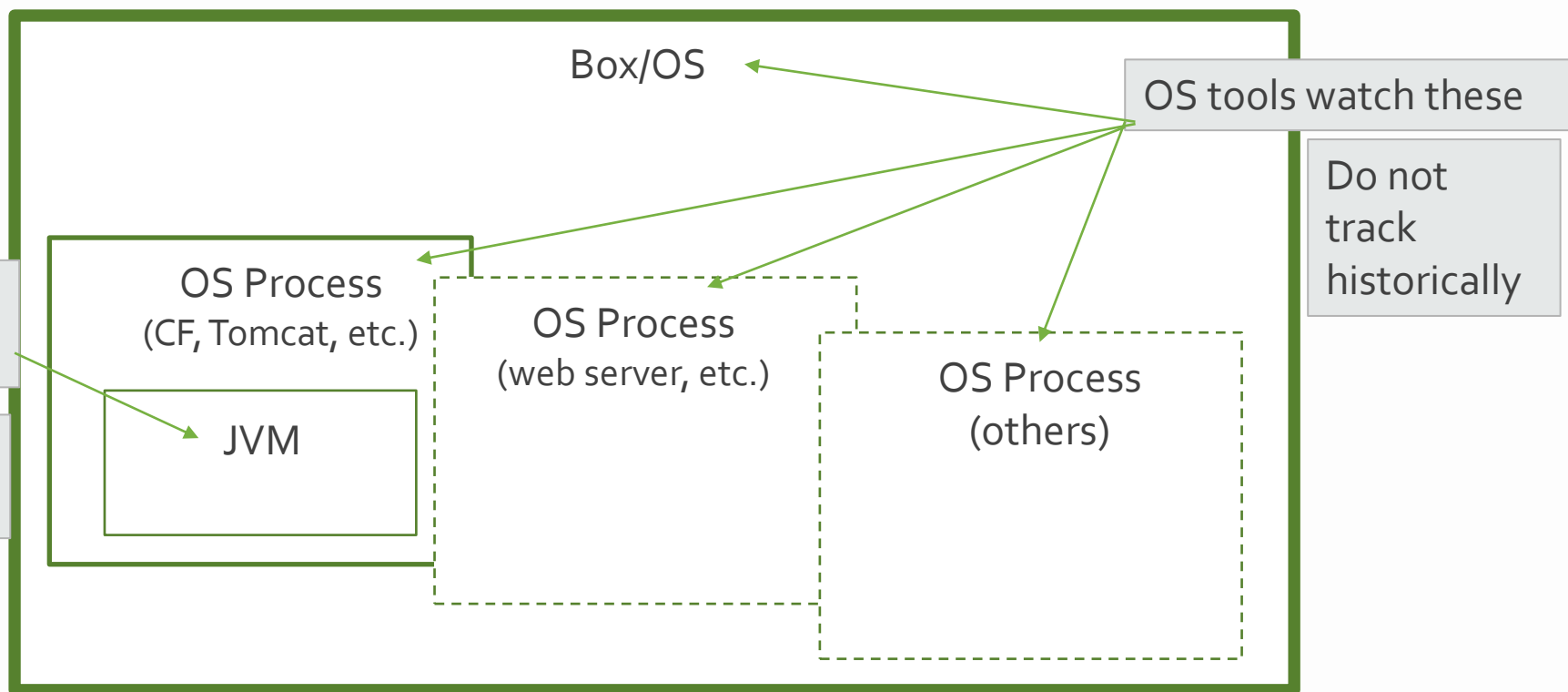
- Audience: presumed to already be using FR
 - But perhaps not using it to its fullest extent, especially regarding memory issues
- Concepts apply generally to any Java/CFML server that FR can monitor
- Preso is being recorded, so you will be able to revisit details

Some common misconceptions about memory

- Why “memory” problems aren’t always what they seem
 - Is a seeming memory problem really a cause or an effect?
- Why a memory problem is typically NOT a “memory leak”
- Why mem problems may have nothing to do with JVM tuning or GC algorithms
- Why common tips and tools (and myths) often fail to help

Key components related to memory for Java servers

- When looking at a “memory problem”, we need to determine/consider where the problem really is/may be
 - One can be misled based on where/how they look...



Memory within the JVM (not in-geek-depth)

- Heap: what it is, how it's used:
 - How long remain in the heap, even when no longer in use
 - What is garbage collection, minor and major
 - No need to babysit forcing GCs; why is the button there?
 - How heap is divided into generations:
 - Depends on GC algorithm. Traditionally eden space, survivor space, old gen
- Non-heap JVM memory areas:
 - Metaspace/permgen
 - Codecache
 - Compressed class files
- Thread space
 - Xss (does not set max thread space but rather space per thread)

What if JVM memory spaces fill?

- Limits are set in the JVM via arguments, for max/min respectively (defaults vary)
 - Xmx/xms (these set the heap size)
 - XX:Maxmetaspace/metaspace (Java 8)
 - XX:Maxpermgen/permgen (Java 7 and earlier)
 - XX:ReservedCodeCacheSize/InitialCodeCacheSize
 - XX:CompressedClassSpaceSize
- Errors which can happen: some passing by and some crashing the JVM
 - Where to find them: console logs, jvm logs

How FusionReactor can help prove, disprove, or diagnose a memory problem

- How FR quickly, easily shows heap use (use, allocated, max)
- How to drill in on heap use over time (since instance startup)
- How FR monitors all JVM memory spaces (and over time)
- How FR monitors garbage collections (number, duration, over time)
- How and when you might force a GC
- How FR logs all these over time (30 days by default), mem spaces and GCs
- Ways FR can be misinterpreted to suggest a memory problem

If heap use IS high, what may be the cause?

- COULD be about some one or a few long-running requests using lots of memory, sure
- But usually it's about some objects that are living far longer than expected (not a "leak")
- In the case of CFML (and to similar degree in java web apps), common causes:
 - Sessions (they live beyond life of request, until timeout), may be high in number (see FR)
 - Shared variable scopes (application, server), which live generally until restart (why not see FR)
 - Query caching (CF Admin setting, App setting, and controlled by coding. See FR)
 - Template caching (CF Admin setting. See FR)
 - ehcache caching of pages, objects, etc. (since CF9)
 - ORM caching
 - VFS (virtual file system, since CF9)
 - Change in CF10: above objects are cached per-app vs across all apps
 - Impact of CF Enterprise Server Monitor, if "memory tracking" enabled
- So what about true "leaks", caused by bugs, etc.? ...

What if FR can't help explain high heap?

- Some problems, especially true “leaks”, can be hard to identify with FR alone
- In this case, the next step is heap analysis
 - In my experience, this is a last resort, especially for CFML developers
 - Often hard to connect the dots to the CFML creating the object, but not impossible
 - Of course, for pure java developers, heap analysis can be far more useful
- Many tools (free and commercial) can provide this analysis
 - VisualVM included with JDK is adequate. Others include Eclipse MAT, YourKit, JProfiler
 - Involves taking a heap dump (may be gigs in size but usually pretty quick)
 - Tracks details of every object in memory (and connections among them)
 - Can be done manually or via `jvm arg` creating it on `outofmemory` condition
 - Next step is to analyze heap by such characteristics as:
 - Largest classes by size or count/percentage
 - Filtering by name
 - Finding GC roots
- Beyond the scope of this webinar topic to elaborate

But FusionReactor will help with this in the future

- Next release, FR 7 (due later this year), WILL include heap profiling tool
 - No need to install JDK tools
 - No need to worry about whether JVM/app was started as service, or by what user
 - No need to configure RMI or open ports, etc.
- Will be provided as interface feature within FR web UI
 - Just like FR6 Ultimate added step debugging without any IDE
- Will enable viewing, analysis of heap dump, similar to traditional JVM tools
 - Including counts, sizes, filtering on class names, finding GC roots, etc
- We're planning a webinar on this after it becomes available
- Like debugger, memory profiling will be an FR Ultimate feature
 - So many great features now to justify considering that:
 - Memory profiler
 - Request profiler
 - Step debugger
 - And more

What about JVM tuning? GC algorithm choices?

- Finally, you may notice I have not talked about JVM tuning
 - The args to control ratios among heap generations, etc.
 - Features to disable explicit GC
 - Choosing different GC algorithms
- In my experience (10 years of troubleshooting), these are not the solution
 - They generally arise from people in a panic, googling for any possible answer
 - Often resources found are from people without good tools to diagnose issues
 - And they recommend these jvm tweaks, like darts thrown at balloons
- I'm not saying you never need to tweak such args or change GC algo
 - Just saying it's not ever been the solution to GC problems I've found
 - The approaches discussed here have worked, nearly always

Perhaps simplest solution

- Consider increasing your heap size!
 - Your box may have gigs of available memory, while your app server remains constrained
 - You may be suffering outofmemory errors needlessly
- Sure, it may be that you'll just "delay the inevitable", need to raise again and again
 - But very often there could be a heap size where your app runs comfortably for days/weeks
- Beware also that you may THINK the heap is set to more than it really is
 - Recall how FR can SHOW you what the heap max is, in its UI
 - Make sure it's showing to be (near) the amount you expect
- Finally, note that sometimes one REGION of the heap may fill, unexpectedly
 - There are JVM args to help tweak that
 - But again sometimes the right solution is find the CAUSE for them filling, rather than tweak

Conclusion

- Memory problems are not often what they seem
 - What may seem a memory “leak” may just be long-lived objects
 - Most memory problems are an effect: challenge is to find the root cause
- Solving most memory problems is not about JVM tuning or GC algo choices
 - Instead the challenge is to find the memory space in trouble
 - Then find what’s causing that to fill
 - Maybe consider raising it
- FusionReactor provides several tools, in UI and logs, to help
 - Tracks heap use, and spaces within heap
 - And memory spaces outside of heap
 - And garbage collection
- And next release will include heap profiling tool, adding another vital tool

Other upcoming webinars

- More on analyzing FR logs with Excel – TBA
- Troubleshooting and Identifying Issues using FusionReactor 6 - Part 2 – TBA
- Registration: www.fusion-reactor.com/webinars
 - Recordings of past webinars also offered there

Other FR resources

- **FR web site: fusion-reactor.com**
 - Downloads
 - Docs, videos, technotes, forums, and much more
- **Email: sales@fusion-reactor.com, support@fusion-reactor.com**
- **Phone: (978) 496-9990 (sales)**
- **Consulting assistance: cfconsultant.com**
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Questions & Answers